

THE FIFTH ANNUAL ZOOLOGICAL CONGRESS OF
"GRIGORE ANTIPA" MUSEUM

20-23 NOVEMBER 2013
BUCHAREST, ROMANIA

**INVENTORY AND DISTRIBUTION OF
CICHLIDS (PISCES, PERCIFORMES) IN
MOROCCO**

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**The Cichlids
(Pisces,
Perciformes) are
tropical fishes
that have left
relict populations
in the Sahara and
North Africa**



In Morocco, the Cichlids were known by two species, *Tilapia zillii* and (*Sarotherodon galilaeus*), both reported from Oued Dr'a watershed, situated at the northern edge of Sahara





Sarotherodon
galilaeus



A man in a brown jacket is standing at a podium on the left side of the frame, appearing to be presenting or speaking.

A man is seated in the foreground on the right side of the frame, looking towards the screen.

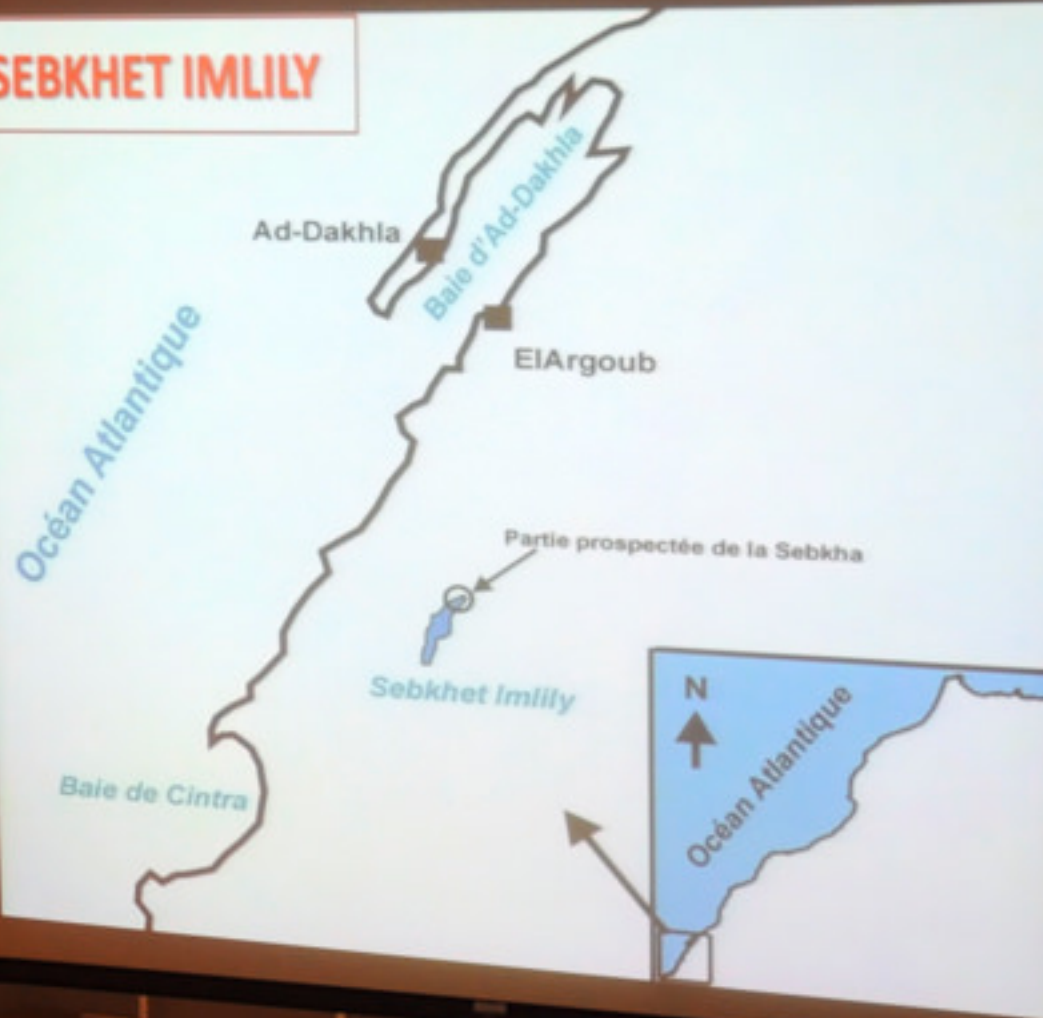
**A new species for
North Africa and
Sahara was recently
discovered :**

- at Sebkhet Imlily
(2009)
- at Oued Aabar,
(2012)



Tilapia guineensis : new species
for North Africa and Sahara

SEBKHET IMLILY



Sebkhet Imlily : more than 160 holes
of permanent and hypersaline water,
in desert area



World
distribution
of
Tilapia
guineensis
before our
discoveries



Two new
stations of
*Tilapia
guineensis*,
700 km from
each other
and from
Senegal
River



The discovery of *Tilapia guineensis* at Imlily
had led us to:

- ❖ review collections of Cichlids conserved in
the National Museum of Natural History,
Scientific Institute of Rabat,
- ❖ make further surveys during several field
missions



Update the inventory of Cichlids in Morocco
and reshape the distribution of different
species

Distribution of Cichlids in Morocco



CONCLUSIONS

- ❖ The Cichlids aren't confined only to the watershed of the River Dr'a
- ❖ At least, three species were present in Morocco:
 - *Gallilaeus Sarotherodon*,
 - *Tilapia zillii*
 - *Tilapia guineensis* (firsts mentions for Morocco, North Africa and Sahara)
- ❖ The presence of *Hemichromis bimaculatus* requires confirmation

Chiroptera fauna from Meghalaya - results
of the expedition Caving in the Abode of the
Clouds Project (2011-2012 Jaintia Hills),
India

Manuel Ruedi (1), Jayant Biswas (2), Oana
Chachula (3), and Thomas Arbenz (4)



The last available estimate of current diversity of bats ([Simmons, 2005](#)) lists 1116 species, but because several new species are discovered annually worldwide (e.g. [Ruedi et al., 2012](#)), this figure is now over 1200 species, and counting. This is about one fifth of the total mammal diversity (over 5500 species) living today in the World.









Species of bats

This medium-sized horseshoe bat (mean forearm length measured FA 51.5mm) is characterized by relatively short ears and a nose leaf with a continuously arched process, when viewed in profile.

• Ultrasounds peak frequency at 77.8 kHz.

• common and widespread in the foothills of the Himalayas, including Meghalaya and extends its distribution into most of South-East Asia.

• 8 individuals recorded here were caught at dusk while flying low in the forest understorey surrounding cave entrances.

• They probably roosted inside the caves.

• Ecology of species is not well known.

• Found in 2 caves in Jaintia hills, from Byrial, Krem Lakh Rong forest near Krem Lakh Rong.

Rhinolophus affinis – Intermediate Horseshoe bat







Species of bats

This is the largest species of bat in the world and is the only species that roosts in large numbers. It is found in the mountains of the Himalayas and the mountains of the Alps. It is a large bat with a wingspan of 1.8m. It is found in the mountains of the Himalayas and the mountains of the Alps. It is a large bat with a wingspan of 1.8m.

• *Rhinolophus luctus* – Woolly Horseshoe bat



Stage area containing a podium, several chairs, and a desk with a laptop. A person is seated at the desk, and another person is standing at the podium.

Alien species in Europe

- ~12000 alien species (www.europe-aliens.org)

- ~10-15% have documented impact



- prioritise invasive alien species according to their impact



Annual Zoological Congress of "Grigore Antipa" Museum

ROMANIAN SPECIES OF LUCANIDS (COLEOPTERA: SCARABAEOIDEA: LUCANIDAE) IN THE COLLECTIONS OF GRIGORE ANTIPIA NATIONAL MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY

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INTRODUCTION

Of the sixteen lucanid species which are mentioned in Europe, only seven species / subspecies are known in the Romanian fauna: *Aesalus scarabaeoides scarabaeoides* Panzer), *Ceruchus chrysomellus* (Hochenwarth), *Sinodendron cylindricum* (Linnaeus), *Lucanus cervus* (Linnaeus), *Platycerus caraboides caraboides* Linnaeus), *Platycerus caprea* (De Geer) and *Dorcus parallelipipedus* (Linnaeus). These species / subspecies belong to four subfamilies according to the Catalogue of Palaearctic Coleoptera (Bartolozzi & Sprecher-Uebersax, 2006).

MATERIAL AND METHODS

We examined the specimens from the following collections:
- Palaearctic Coleoptera Collection which contains Eduard Fleck, Deszö Kenderessy, Friedrich Deubel and Arnold Lucien Montandon collections, acquired between 1883-1923 and specimens collected by Richard Canisius;
- "Dr. Nicolae Săvulescu" collection acquired between 1961-1982;
- Lucanidae collection organized by us, containing specimens collected by dr. Nicolae Săvulescu, Emil Vradu, specialists of the Museum and their collaborators, and specimens donated by Viorel Ungureanu, Ing. Igor Celanu, dr. Vladimir Brădescu and dr. Mihai Șerban Procheș.



RESULTS

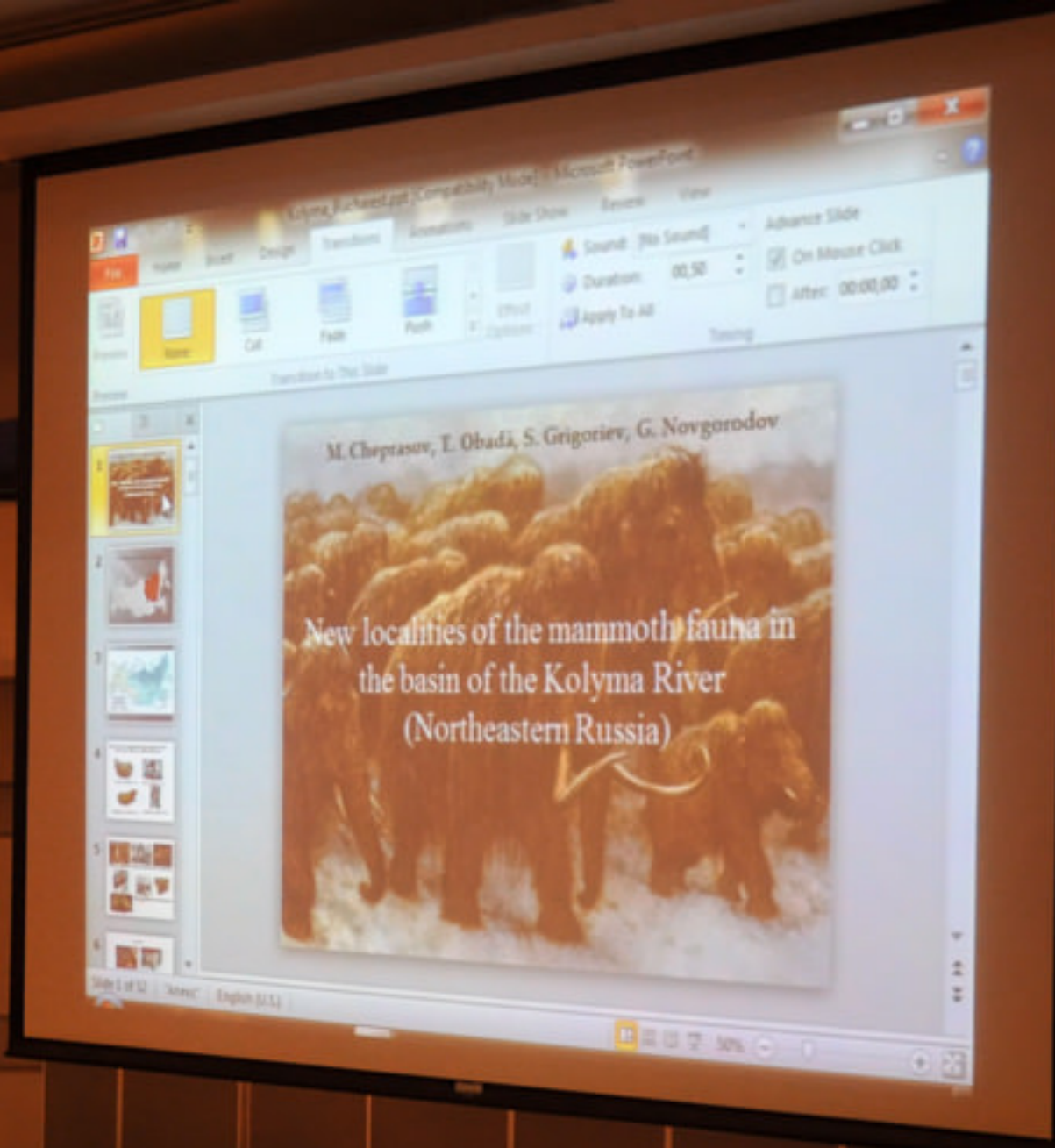
Lucanus cervus is protected by the national legislation, being included in the Annexes 3 and 4 A of OUG 57/2007, in the region of the protected natural areas, conservation of the natural habitats, of wild flora and fauna. It is registered in the second appendix of the Habitats Directive of the European Union from 1992, which requires that member states set aside Special Areas of Conservation. The species is also registered in the third appendix of the Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats (Bern Convention) of 1992.

In the Museum's collections all seven species/subspecies are present. After studying the lucanids we can conclude that *Dorcus parallelipipedus* (Linnaeus) and *Lucanus cervus* (Linnaeus) are well represented in our collections, unlike the other five species. Most specimens were collected by the Museum's specialists within different research projects (the Romanian Plain, the Danube Delta, Maramureș county), *Aesalus scarabaeoides scarabaeoides* coll. A. L. Montandon) and *Platycerus caprea* (De Geer) is known from Gruca (Suceava county, coll. A. L. Montandon) and *Platycerus caraboides caraboides* coll. A. L. Montandon) was not collected recently, the last specimens were collected in 1974 by dr. Nicolae Săvulescu.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS
We express thanks to all the colleagues for providing the material and for their help in the process.

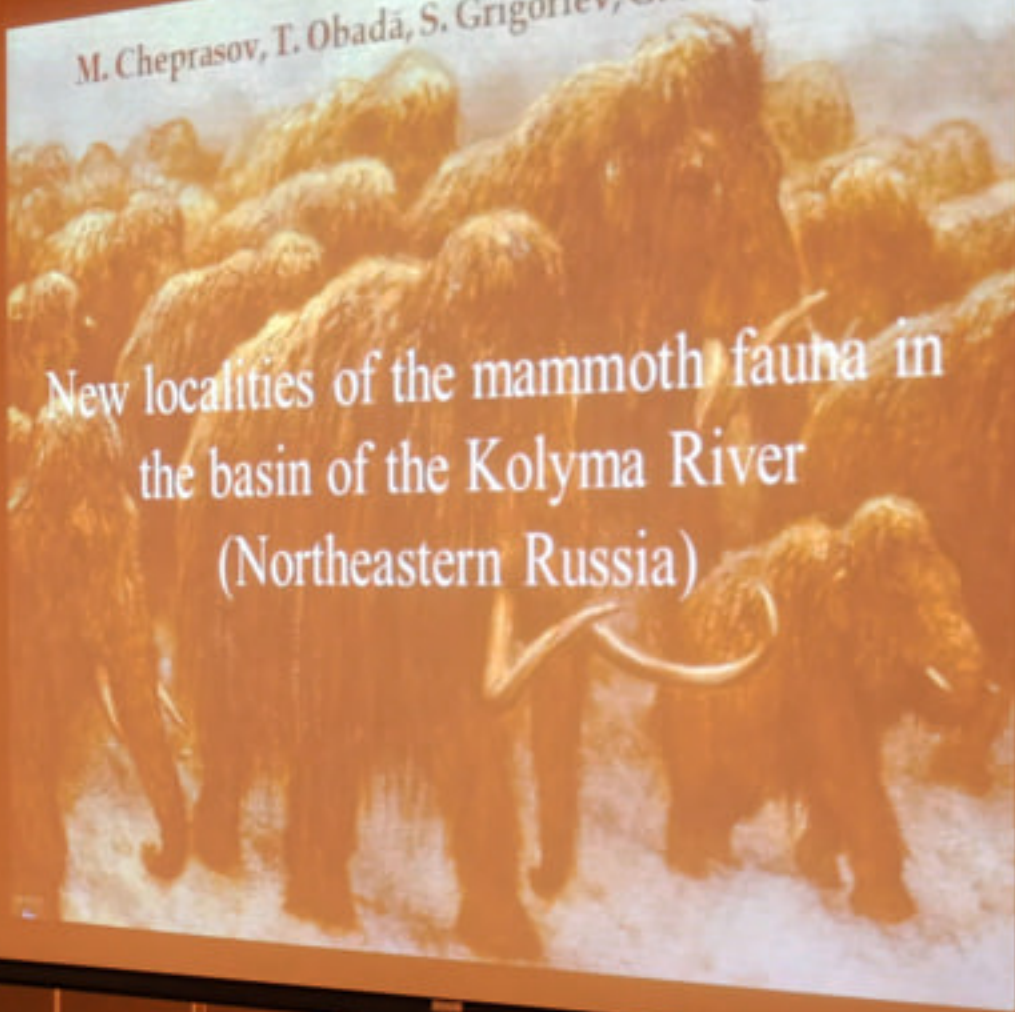
REFERENCES
BARTOLOZZI, L. & SPECHER-UEBERSAX, 2006. Catalogue of Palaearctic Coleoptera. Scaberrhini suborder. Lucanidae. Roma, 400 p.





M. Cheprasov, T. Obadā, S. Grigoriev, G. Novgorodov

New localities of the mammoth fauna in
the basin of the Kolyma River
(Northeastern Russia)



The Republic of Sakha (Yakutia)





Two men are standing at a podium on the left side of the stage, appearing to be presenting or speaking during the event.

Unique finds of mammoth fauna animals with soft tissues from Republic of Sakha (Yakutia)



Viljuskiy rhinoceros, 1771



Lenskiy mammoth, 1799



Verkhoyanskiy rhinoceros, 1877



Lyakhovskiy mammoth, 1903





Tchekurovskiy mammoth, 1960



Tirekhtyakhskiy mammoth, 1970



Berelekh wolverine, 1970



Shandrin mammoth, 1972



Churapchinskiy rhinoceros,
1972



Muksunuokha mammoth, 1994



XXI century:



Yukagir mammoth, 2002



Oimyakon baby mammoth, 2004



Kolima rhinoceros, 2007

2009:



Khroma baby mammoth



Batagai bison calf



Verkhoyanskiy horse



Bison from Alazeya river

2010:



Mammoth Yuka



Horse from Oiogoskiy Yar



Omoloi elk

2011:



Volfs pup from Sualakh



Bison from Yukagir



Anabar mammoth

2013:



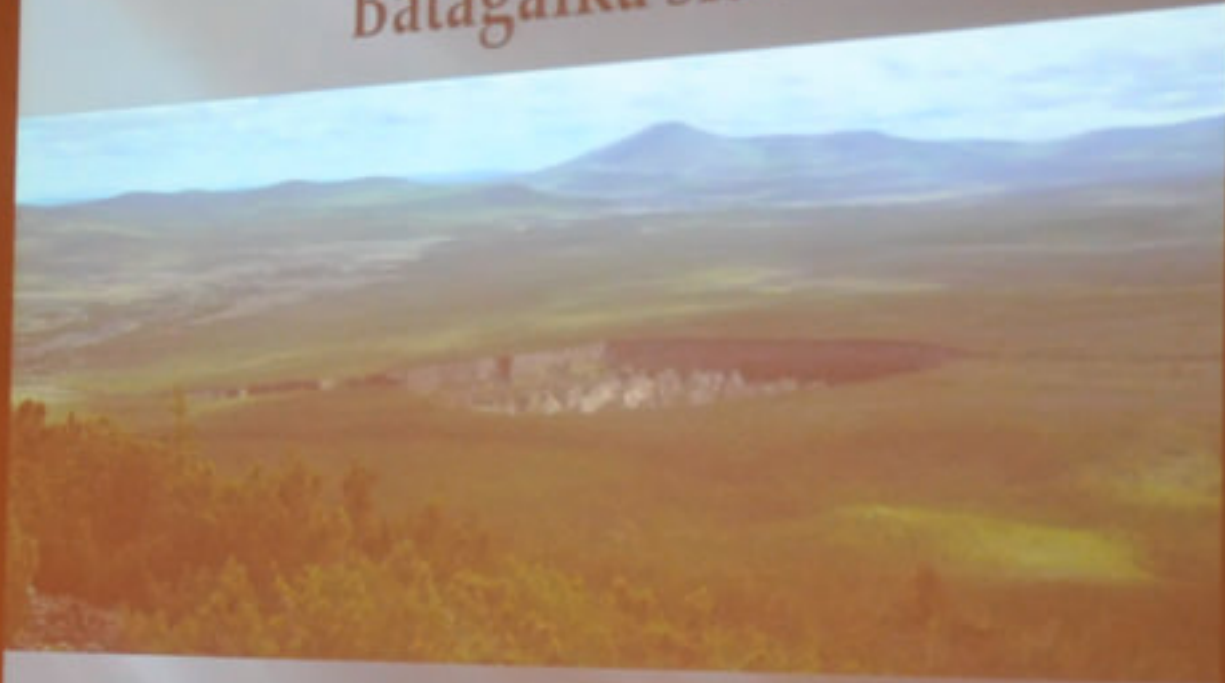
Malolyakhovskiy mammoth







Batagaika site



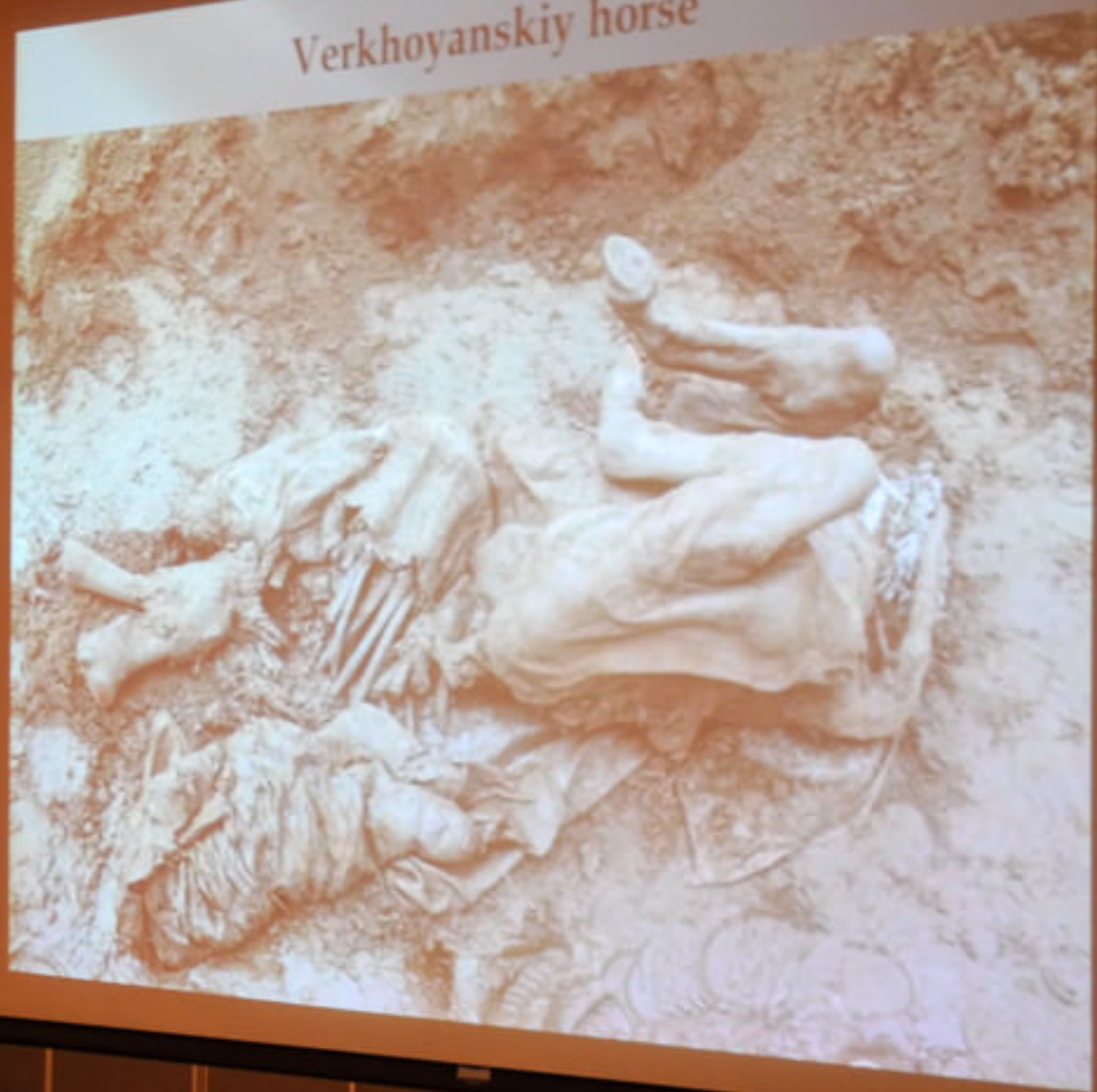
Batagaika site





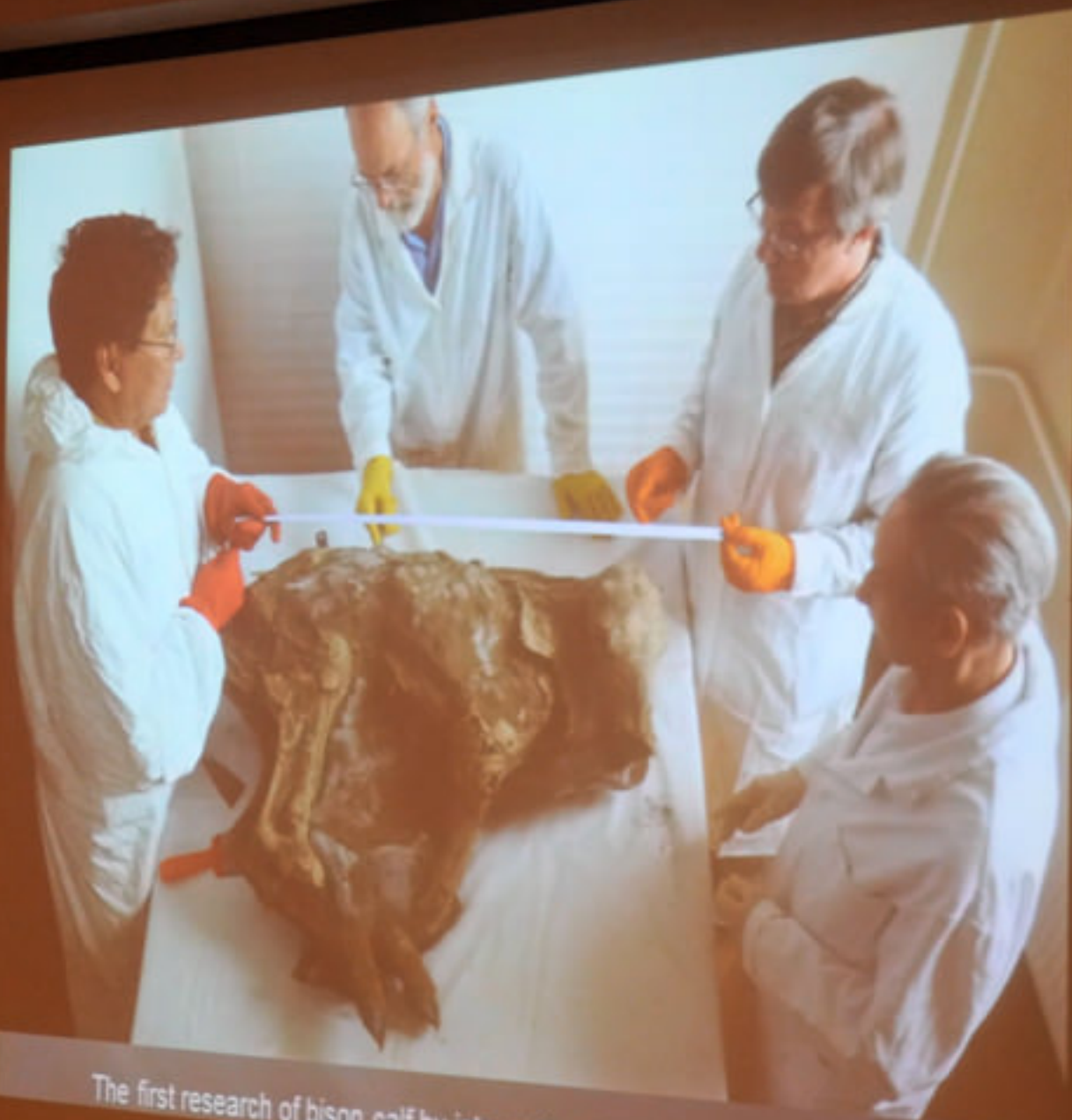


Verkhoyanskiy horse



Batagai bisons calf





The first research of bison calf by international team of paleontologists

